VERY LONG HAUL GIGABIT ETHERNET SFP TRANSCEIVERS WITH DIGITAL DIAGNOSTICS

TRPEG1KVX-E1G

Product Description

The TRPEG1KVX-E1G SFP fiber optic transceivers with integrated digital diagnostics monitoring functionality offer a quick and reliable interface for Gigabit Ethernet applications. The diagnostic functions, alarm and warning features as described in the Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) document, SFF-8472 (Rev. 9.4), are provided via an I²C serial interface.

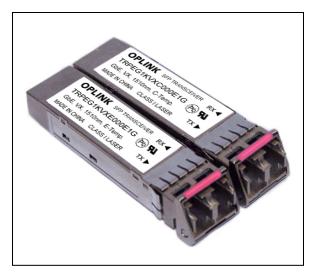
The transceivers use a high power 1550nm DFB laser and an ultra high sensitivity Avalanche Photodiode (APD) receiver to provide a minimum optical link budget of 32dB, corresponding to a transmission distance of around 120km of single mode fiber (assuming a total connector and splice loss of 2dB, total system penalty of 3dB and fiber loss of 0.22dB/km). The transceivers satisfy Class I Laser Safety requirements in accordance with the U.S. FDA/CDRH and international IEC-60825 standards.

The TRPEG1KVX-E1G transceivers connect to standard 20-pad SFP connectors for hot plug capability. This allows the system designer to make configuration changes or maintenance by simply plugging in different types of transceivers without removing the power supply from the host system.

The transceivers have colored bail-type latches, which offer an easy and convenient way to release the modules. The latch is compliant with the SFP MSA.

The transmitter and receiver DATA interfaces are AC coupled internally. LV-TTL Transmitter Disable control input and Loss of Signal output interfaces are also provided.

The transceivers operate from a single +3.3V power supply over an operating case temperature range of $-5^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$ (Commercial) or $-5^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$ (Extended). The housing is made of metal to enhance EMI protection.



Features

- ☑ Compatible with SFP MSA
- ☑ Lead Free Design & Fully RoHS Compliant
- ☑ Digital Diagnostics through Serial Interface
- ☑ Internal Calibration for Digital Diagnostics
- ☑ APD Receiver
- ☑ Up to 120km with Single Mode Fiber
- ☑ Loss of Signal Output & Tx Disable Input
- ☑ Hot-pluggable
- ☑ Eye Safe (Class I Laser Safety)
- ☑ Duplex LC Optical Interface
- ☑ Single +3.3V Power Supply

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | | Symbol | Minimum | Maximum | Units |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------|----------|-------|
| Storage Temperature | | T_{st} | - 40 | + 85 | °C |
| Operating Case | Commercial | T | - 5 | + 70 | °C |
| Temperature ¹ | Extended | I_{op} | - 5 | + 85 | |
| Supply Voltage | | V_{cc} | 0 | + 5.0 | V |
| Maximum Input Optical Pow | ver (30 seconds max.) | - | - | + 3.0 | dBm |
| Input Voltage | | V_{in} | 0 | V_{cc} | V |
| ¹ Measured on top side of SFP | module at the front center vent | hole of the cage. | | | |





Transmitter Performance Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature, V_{CC} = 3.13 to 3.47V)

All parameters guaranteed only at typical data rate

| Parameter | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|----------------------------------|---|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| Operating Data Rate ¹ | В | - | 1250 | - | Mb/s |
| Optical Output Power | $P_{\scriptscriptstyle O}$ | 0 | - | + 5.0 | dBm |
| Center Wavelength | λ_c | 1500 | 1550 | 1580 | nm |
| Spectral Width (-20dB) | $\Delta\lambda_{20}$ | - | - | 1.0 | nm |
| Side Mode Suppression Ratio | SMSR | 30 | - | - | dB |
| Extinction Ratio | P_{hi}/P_{lo} | 9 | - | - | dB |
| Deterministic Jitter | DJ | - | - | 80 | ps |
| Total Jitter | TJ | - | - | 227 | ps |
| Dispersion Penalty ² | - | - | - | 2.0 | dB |
| Transmitter Output Eye | Compliant with Eye Mask Defined in IEEE 802.3z Standard | | | | d |

Data rate ranges from 125Mb/s to 1300Mb/s. However, some degradation may be incurred in overall performance.

Receiver Performance Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature, $V_{\rm CC}$ = 3.13 to 3.47V)

All parameters guaranteed only at typical data rate

| | Parameter | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|---------------------------------------|---|------------------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| Operating Data Rate | 1 | В | - | 1250 | - | Mb/s |
| Minimum Input Opti | cal Power (10 ⁻¹² BER) ² | P_{min} | - 32.5 | - 35.0 | - | dBm |
| Maximum Input Opt | ical Power (10 ⁻¹² BER) ² | P _{max} | - 10.0 | - | - | dBm |
| LOCTL | Increasing Light Input | P_{los+} | - | - | - 32.5 | dBm |
| LOS Thresholds | Decreasing Light Input | P_{los} | - 45.0 | - | - | |
| LOCTive in a Delevi | Increasing Light Input | t_loss_off | - | - | 100 | μs |
| LOS Timing Delay | Decreasing Light Input | t_loss_on | - | - | 100 | |
| LOS Hysteresis | | - | 0.5 | - | - | dB |
| Deterministic Jitter | | DJ | - | - | 170 | ps |
| Total Jitter | | TJ | - | - | 266 | ps |
| Wavelength of Operation | | λ | 1100 | - | 1600 | nm |
| Optical Return Loss | | ORL | 12 | - | - | dB |
| Electrical 3dB Upper Cutoff Frequency | | - | - | - | 1500 | MHz |

Data rate ranges from 125Mb/s to 1300Mb/s. However, some degradation may be incurred in overall performance.

Laser Safety: All transceivers are Class I Laser products per FDA/CDRH and IEC-60825 standards. They must be operated under specified operating conditions.

Oplink Communications, Inc.

DATE OF MANUFACTURE:



This product complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11

Meets Class I Laser Safety Requirements

²Specified at 2400ps/nm dispersion, which corresponds to the approximate worst-case dispersion for 120km G.652 fiber respectively over the wavelength range of 1500 to 1580nm.

²Measured with 2⁷-1 PRBS at 1250Mb/s and 1550nm wavelength.

Transmitter Electrical Interface (Over Operating Case Temperature, V_{CC} = 3.13 to 3.47V)

| Parameter | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|--|-----------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------------|-------|
| Input Voltage Swing (TD+ & TD-) ¹ | $V_{_{PP\text{-}DIF}}$ | 0.25 | - | 1.75 | V |
| Input HIGH Voltage (TX DISABLE) ² | $V_{_{I\!H}}$ | 2.0 | - | V_{cc} | V |
| Input LOW Voltage (TX DISABLE) ² | $V_{_{ m IL}}$ | 0 | - | 0.8 | V |
| Output HIGH Voltage (TX_FAULT) ³ | $V_{_{OH}}$ | 2.0 | - | V _{CC} + 0.3 | V |
| Output LOW Voltage (TX_FAULT) ³ | $V_{\scriptscriptstyle OL}$ | 0 | - | 0.8 | V |

¹Differential peak-to-peak voltage.

Receiver Electrical Interface (Over Operating Case Temperature, $V_{CC} = 3.13$ to 3.47V)

| Parameter | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|---|-----------------------------|----------------------|---------|-----------------------|-------|
| Output Voltage Swing (RD+ & RD-) ¹ | $V_{_{PP	ext{-}DIF}}$ | 0.4 | - | 1.75 | V |
| Output HIGH Voltage (LOS) ² | V_{OH} | V _{CC} -0.3 | - | V _{CC} + 0.3 | V |
| Output LOW Voltage (LOS) ² | $V_{\scriptscriptstyle OL}$ | 0 | - | 0.5 | V |
| 18% | | | | | |

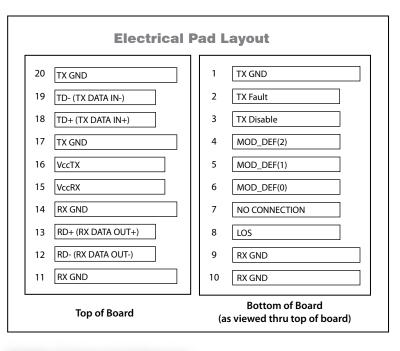
 $^{^{1}\}text{Differential}$ peak-to-peak voltage across external 100Ω load.

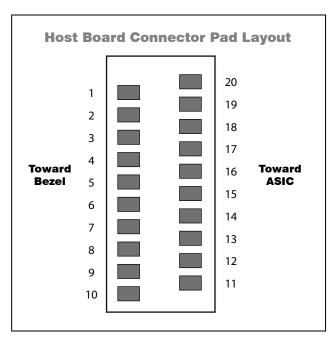
Electrical Power Supply Characteristics (Over Operating Case Temperature, $V_{\rm CC}$ = 3.13 to 3.47V)

| Parameter | Symbol | Minimum | Typical | Maximum | Units |
|----------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| Supply Voltage | V_{cc} | 3.13 | 3.3 | 3.47 | V |
| Supply Current | I_{cc} | - | 210 | 300 | mA |

Module Definition

| MOD_DEF(0) pin 6 | MOD_DEF(1) pin 5 | MOD_DEF(2) pin 4 | Interpretation by Host |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|
| TTL LOW | SCL | SDA | Serial module definition protocol |

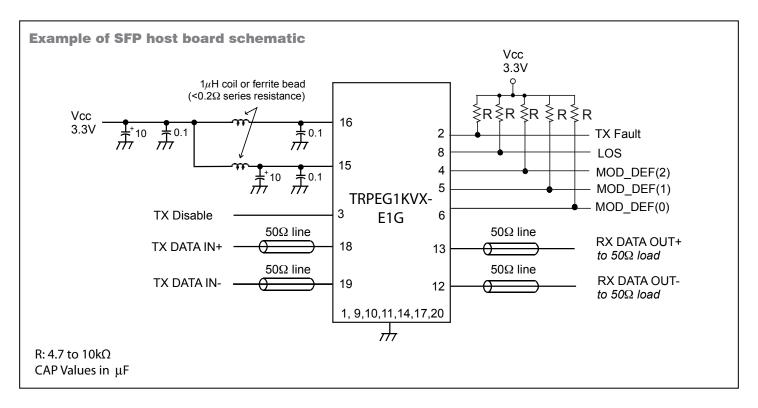




²There is an internal 4.7 to $10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor to *VccT*.

 $^{^3}$ Open collector compatible, 4.7 to $10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor to *Vcc* (Host Supply Voltage).

²Open collector compatible, 4.7 to $10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor to *Vcc* (Host Supply Voltage).



Application Notes

Electrical Interface: All signal interfaces are compliant with the SFP MSA specification. The high speed DATA interface is differential AC-coupled internally with 1μF and can be directly connected to a 3.3V SERDES IC. All low speed control and sense output signals are open collector TTL compatible and should be pulled up with a $4.7 - 10 k\Omega$ resistor on the host board.

Loss of Signal (LOS): The Loss of Signal circuit monitors the level of the incoming optical signal and generates a logic HIGH when an insufficient photocurrent is produced.

TX Fault: The output indicates LOW when the transmitter is operating normally, and HIGH with a laser fault including laser end-of-life. TX Fault is an open collector/drain output and should be pulled up with a 4.7 - $10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board. TX Fault is non-latching (automatically deasserts when fault goes away).

TX Disable: When the TX Disable pin is at logic HIGH, the transmitter optical output is disabled (less than -45dBm).

Serial Identification and Monitoring: The module definition of SFP is indicated by the three module definition pins, MOD_DEF(0), MOD_DEF(1) and MOD_DEF(2). Upon power up, MOD_DEF(1:2) appear as NC (no connection), and MOD_DEF(0)

is TTL LOW. When the host system detects this condition, it activates the serial protocol (standard two-wire I²C serial interface) and generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into the EEPROM segments of the SFP that are not write protected, and the negative edge clocks data from the SFP.

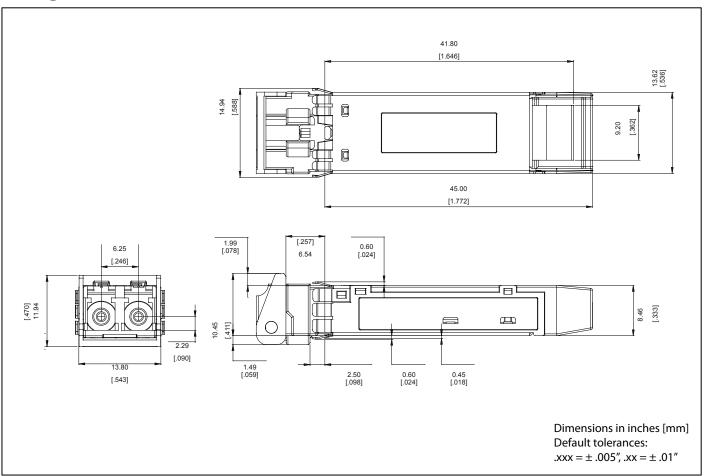
The serial data signal (SDA) is for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The supported monitoring functions are temperature, voltage, bias current, transmitter power, average receiver signal, all alarms and warnings, and software monitoring of TX Fault/LOS. The device is internally calibrated.

The data transfer protocol and the details of the mandatory and vendor specific data structures are defined in the SFP MSA, and SFF-8472, Rev. 9.4.

Power Supply and Grounding: The power supply line should be well-filtered. All $0.1\mu F$ power supply bypass capacitors should be as close to the transceiver module as possible.



Package Outline



Ordering Information

| Part Number | Operating Temperature | Latch Color | Nominal Wavelength | Optical Link Power Budget | Distance ¹ |
|------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| TRPEG1KVXC000E1G | - 5°C to +70°C | - Magenta | 1550nm | 32dBm min. | 120km ² |
| TRPEG1KVXE000E1G | - 5°C to +85°C | iviagenta | 13301111 | 32dbiii iiiii. | IZUKIII |

¹These are target distances to be used for classification and not for specification, per Telcordia GR-253-CORE/ITU-T Recommendation G.957. ¹The indicated transmission distance is for guidelines only, not guaranteed. The exact distance is dependent on the fiber loss, connector and splice loss, and allocated system penalty. Longer distances can be supported if the optical link power budget is satisfied. ²Assuming a total connector and splice loss of 2dB, total system penalty of 3dB and fiber loss of 0.22dB/km.

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